

Kit Contents:

	FAPGK 000-Maxi (2 preps_sample)	FAPGK 002 (10 preps)	FAPGK 002-1 (24 preps)
FAPG1 Buffer	10 ml	45 ml	110 ml
FAPG2 Buffer	3 ml	13 ml	30 ml
FAPG3 Buffer * (concentrate)	7.5 ml	30 ml	70 ml
W1 Buffer * (concentrate)	4.0 ml	26 ml	52 ml
Wash Buffer * (concentrate)	5.0 ml	25 ml	50 ml
Elution Buffer	6 ml	30 ml	60 ml
RNase A (lyophilized)	1.1 mg	5.5 mg	13 mg
Filter Column	2 pcs	10 pcs	24 pcs
FAPG Maxi Column	2 pcs	10 pcs	24 pcs
User Manual	1	1	1

* Preparation of FAPG1 Buffer and Wash Buffer for first use:

Cat. No:	FAPGK000-Maxi (2 preps)	FAPGK002 (10 preps)	FAPGK002-1 (24 preps)
Ethanol volume for FAPG3 Buffer	15 ml	60 ml	140 ml
Ethanol volume for W1 Buffer	5 ml	34 ml	68 ml
Ethanol volume for Wash Buffer	20 ml	100 ml	200 ml

* Preparation of RNase A solution by adding Elution Buffer

Cat. No:	FAPGK000-Maxi (2 preps)	FAPGK002 (10 preps)	FAPGK002-1 (24 preps)
Elution Buffer volume for RNase A tube	110 µl	550 µl	1.3 ml

Specification:

Principle: spin column - maxi (silica membrane)
 Sample: up to 1 g
 Operation time: < 60 min
 DNA Yield: 50 ~ 300 µg

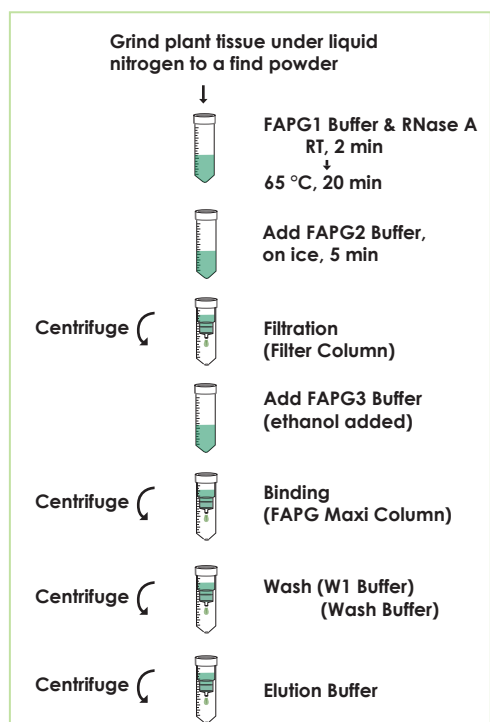
Important Notes:

1. Buffers provided in this system contain irritants. Wear gloves and lab coat when handling these buffers.
2. Check FAPG1 Buffer before use, Warm FAPG1 Buffer at 60°C for 5 minutes if any precipitate form.
3. Preheat dry baths or water baths to 65°C before the operation.
4. Add required ethanol (96-100%) to FAPG3 Buffer, W1 Buffer and Wash Buffer before use.
5. Using a appropriate swing-bucket to centrifuge for 50 ml tube capable of speed 4,000 ~ 4.500 x g.
6. **Store RNase A at -20 °C upon receipt of kit.** Add Elution Buffer to lyophilized RNase A to make a 10 mg/ml stock solution. Vortex and make sure that RNase A has been completely dissolved. Store the stock solution at -20 °C.

General Protocol:

HINT: Prepare a ice box and a 65 °C bath for step 2 and 3.
 Preheat Elution Buffer or ddH₂O to 65 °C for step 11 (elution step).

1. **Cut off up to 1 g fresh or frozen plant tissue or 50 mg (up to 100 mg) dry plant tissue. Grind the sample under liquid nitrogen to a fine powder and transfer to a 15 ml centrifuge tube (not provided).**
 - For some plant sample, we can grind it without liquid nitrogen.
 - Do not allow the sample to thaw, and continue immediately to step 2.
2. **Add 4 ml of FAPG1 Buffer and 50 µl of RNase A stock solution (10 mg/ml) to the tissue powder. Vortex vigorously and incubate the mixture at room temperature for 2 minutes and at 65°C for 20 minutes, invert the tube 2-3 times during 65 °C incubation.**
3. **Add 1 ml of FAPG2 Buffer to the mixture. Vortex to mix well and incubate the mixture on ice for 5 min.**



4. Place a Filter Column to a 50 ml tube and transfer the entire mixture from previous step to the Filter Column. Centrifuge the Filter Column with a swing-bucket rotor at speed (4,000 ~ 4,500 x g) for 5 min.
5. Transfer the clarified lysate (supernatant) from the 50 ml tube to a new 50 ml tube (not provided). Adjust the volume of the clarified lysate.
 - Note! Do not aspirate any debris when transferring the clarified lysate.
6. Add 1.5 volume of FAPG3 Buffer (ethanol added) to the clarified lysate and mix well by vortexing for 10 seconds.
 - Make sure that ethanol (96~100%) has been added to FAPG3 Buffer when first use.
 - For example: add 7.5 ml of FAPG3 (ethanol added) to 5 ml of lysate.
7. Place a FAPG Maxi Column to a new 50 ml tube and transfer the sample mixture from step 6 to the FAPG Maxi Column. Centrifuge the FAPG Maxi a swing-bucket rotor at speed (4,000 ~ 4,500 x g) for 3 min. Discard the flow-through and place the FAPG Maxi Column back to the 50 ml tube.
8. Add 4 ml of W1 Buffer (ethanol added) to the FAPG Maxi Column. Centrifuge the FAPG Maxi Column with swing-bucket rotor at speed (4,000 ~ 4,500 x g) for 3 min. Discard the flow-through and place the FAPG Maxi Column back to the 50 ml tube.
 - Make sure that ethanol (96~100%) has been added into W1 Buffer when first open.
9. Add 6 ml of Wash Buffer (ethanol added) to the FAPG Maxi Column. Centrifuge the FAPG Maxi Column with the swing-bucket rotor at speed at (4,000 ~ 4,500 x g) for 3 min. Discard the flow-through and place the FAPG Maxi Column back to the 50 ml tube.
 - Make sure that ethanol (96~100%) has been added into Wash Buffer when first open.
10. Centrifuge the FAPG Maxi Column with swing-bucket rotor at speed (4,000 ~ 4,500 x g) for an additional 10 min to dry the FAPG Maxi Column completely.
 - Important step! This step will avoid the residual liquid to inhibit subsequent enzymatic reactions.
11. Place the FAPG Maxi Column to a new 50 ml tube (not provided), Add 1 ml of preheated Elution Buffer or ddH₂O to the membrane center of the FAPG Maxi Column. Stand the FAPG Maxi Column for 5 minute at room temperature.
 - Important step! For effective elution, make sure that the Elution Buffer or ddH₂O is dispensed onto the membrane center and is absorbed completely.
12. Centrifuge the FAPG Maxi Column with a swing-bucket rotor at speed (4,000 ~ 4,500 x g) for 3 min to elute the purified DNA.

Troubleshooting

Problems	Possible reasons	Solutions
Low or no yield of genomic DNA		
	Incorrect preparation of FAPG3 Buffer or Wash Buffer	
	FAPG3 Buffer is not mixed with ethanol before use	Repeat the extraction procedure with a new sample.
	W1 Buffer and Wash Buffer is not mixed with ethanol before use	Make sure that the correct volumes of ethanol (96-100 %) is added into W1 Buffer and Wash Buffer when first open. Repeat the extraction procedure with a new sample.
	The volume or the percentage of ethanol is not correct before adding into W1 Buffer and Wash Buffer	Make sure that the correct volumes of ethanol (96-100 %) is added into W1 Buffer and Wash Buffer when first use. Repeat the extraction procedure with a new sample.
	Elution of genomic DNA is not efficient	
	pH of water (ddH ₂ O) for elution is acidic	Make sure the pH of ddH ₂ O is between 7.5- 9.0.
	Elution Buffer or ddH ₂ O is not completely absorbed by column membrane	Use Elution Buffer (provided) for elution.
		After Elution Buffer or ddH ₂ O is added, stand the FAPG Maxi Column for 5 min before centrifugation.
Column is clogged		
	Sample is too viscous	Reduce the sample volume.
Degradation of eluted DNA		
	Sample is old	Always use fresh or well-stored sample for genomic DNA extraction.
	Buffer for gel electrophoresis contaminated with DNase	Use fresh running buffer for gel electrophoresis.